AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS Canberra

CATALOGUE NO. 6227.0

NOON 1 AUGUST 1979

LEAVERS FROM SCHOOLS, UNIVERSITIES OR OTHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS MAY 1979

INQUIRIES

If you want to know more about these statistics ring Mr Eric Hubbard on Canberla 526507 or our State office, or write to Information Services, ABS, P.O. Box 10, Belconner, A.C.T. 2616 For copies of this publication contact Information Services, Canberra 526627 or State offices.

MAIN FEATURES

Note: Survey estimates are subject to sampling variability, as explained in paragraph 8 below.

- . Over one third (34.0 per cent) of all civilians aged 15 to 25 years in May 1979 had attended an educational institution full time in 1978.
- . Of these, 31.1 per cent did not return to full-time education in 1979.
- . 95.5 per cent of these leavers were in the labour force in May 1979. Of those in the labour force four out of five (79.3 per cent) were employed nearly all full time and one in five (20.7 per cent) was unemployed.
- . Over one fifth (21.8 per cent) of persons who left secondary school in 1978 studied full time at a post-school educational institution in 1979.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

In May 1979 a survey, based on the monthly population survey, was conducted throughout Australia in order to obtain information about persons aged 15 to 25 years who had attended full time at a school, university or other educational institution at some time during 1978. Separate information was obtained in respect of persons who had returned to full-time education in 1979 and those who had not returned to full-time education (described in this publication as leavers). Similar surveys were conducted in February of each year from 1964 to 1974, in May 1975 and 1976 and in August 1977 and 1978. Results from some earlier surveys are shown in Table 9. However, see paragraphs 6 and 7 regarding the comparability of results.

The population survey

2. The survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 30,000 houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.) and covers about two-thirds of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers, the interviews

generally being conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between 6th and 12th of each month.

Scope of the estimates

- 3. The estimates relate to all persons aged fifteen to twenty five years except:
 - (a) members of the permanent defence forces
 - (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations
 - (c) non-Australians on tour or holidaying in Australia
 - (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia, and
 - (e) some patients in hospitals and sanatoria, or inmates of gaols, reformatories, etc. and persons reported as permanently unable to work. Estimates of the numbers of such persons are shown in Tables 1 and 9.

Definitions

- 4. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on his actual activity (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.) during a specified week known as the survey week, which is the week immediately preceding that in which the interview takes place. Definitions of the principal categories appearing in this publication are given in The Labour Force (6203.0).
- 5. For this survey, leavers from schools, universities or other educational institutions are defined as persons who, at the time of the survey, were not attending an educational institution full-time and who had completed or withdrawn from a course they were attending full-time at an educational institution in 1978. Non-leavers are defined as persons who were attending an educational institution full-time and who had done so in 1978.

Comparability of series

6. Because the estimates from the surveys in August 1978 and May 1979 are based on revised population estimates derived from the results of the 1976 Population Census (adjusted for

underenumeration) and a new population survey questionnaire, care should be used in comparing estimates with those shown in previous issues of this publication and estimates from earlier surveys shown in Table 9.

- 7. Other factors affecting comparability are:
 - (i) as the surveys cover persons aged 15 to 25 years (15 to 24 years before the 1977 survey), estimates of the number of students are affected by the timing of the surveys. For example, the estimate from a May survey would be higher than that from a February survey because most persons reaching 15 years of age between February and May would be students in May. whereas most reaching 26 in the same period would not, and only a few students would leave in that period.
 - (ii) the scope of surveys prior to 1977 was restricted to persons aged 15 to 24 years.
 - (iii) for the August surveys the definition of non-leavers was changed to include all persons who had attended an educational institution full-time at some time in the current year and not only those who were attending full-time at the time of the survey.
 - (iv) before 1975, surveys were conducted in February, i.e. generally before the start of the academic year for tertiary courses, and information was, of necessity, partly a reflection of expectations.
 - (v) for surveys conducted in 1971 and earlier years trainee teachers (enrolled at Colleges of Advanced Education and in some cases also at other institutions) were classified as "in the labour force" but for later years have been included in the category "attended an educational institution full-time in the previous year". It is estimated that in August 1971 there were about 7,000 males and 17,000 females who were reclassified in population surveys as not in the labour force.

Reliability of the estimates

Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ by chance from the figures that would have been produced if the information had been obtained from occupants of all dwellings. An indication of the likely differences is given in the Technical Note, page 8. See also paragraph 6 of the Technical Note regarding non-sampling errors.

Related publications

- Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:
 - . The Labour Force (6203.0)
 - . Labour Force Experience (6206.0)
 - . Persons not in the Labour Force (6220.0)
 - . Persons Looking for Work (6222.0)
 - . Persons aged 15 to 64 years: Employment Status and Period Since Leaving School (6225.0)
 - School Leavers, 1970 to 1974: Employment Status and Education Experience in May 1975 (6226.0)
 - . Employment Status of Teenagers (6234.0)

All publications produced by the ABS are listed in Catalogue of Publications (1101.0) which is available free of charge from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

- Subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 8 above.
- Not available. n.a.
- .. Not applicable.
 C.A.E. College of Advanced Education.
- T.A.F.E. College of Technical and Further Education.

Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

> R. J. CAMERON Australian Statistician

TABLE 1. CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 25 YEARS IN MAY 1979 : FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE OR NON-ATTENDANCE AT AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION IN 1978 AND 1979

	Attended	full time in 197	8 : status in May	5.1			
P. J. and and I trade at an		Non-l	leavers		Did not attend	In	Total
Educational institution attended full time in 1978	Leavers ('000)	Number ('000)	Per cent of total	Total ('000)	full time in 1978 (a) ('000)	hospitals, etc. (b) ('000)	aged 15 to 25 years ('000)
			MALES				
School University C.A.E. T.A.F.E. Other	109.0 22.0 11.1 12.3	251.2 42.7 17.6 *	69.7 66.0 61.3 *	360.2 64.7 28.7 15.7		n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	360.2 64.7 28.7 15.7
Total	157.7	315.7	66.7	473.4	888.2	12.9	1,374.5
			FEMALES			···	
School University C.A.E. T.A.F.E. Other	87.3 11.0 11.5 13.0 7.9	262.8 29.5 23.6	75.1 72.7 67.2 *	350.1 40.6 35.1 17.1 10.1		n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	350.1 40.6 35.1 17.1 10.1
Total	130.7	322.3	71.1	453.0	890.4	5.3	1,348.7
			PERSONS				
School University C.A.E. T.A.F.E. Other	196.4 33.0 22.7 25.3 11.2	513.9 72.3 41.2 7.6	72.3 68.7 64.5 23.2	710.3 105.3 63.9 32.8 14.2		n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	710.3 105.3 63.9 32.8 14.2
Total	288.4	638.0	68.9	926.4	1,778.6	18.2	2,723.1

⁽a) Excludes some patients in hospitals and sanitoria and some inmates of gaols, reformatories, etc., at the time of the survey, and persons permanently unable to work, who were not asked the survey questions. (b) Estimated numbers of persons for whom the hospital, sanitorium, gaol, reformatory, etc., was regarded as their dwelling and persons who were reported as permanently unable to work. Particulars of attendance at schools, etc., were not obtained in respect of such persons.

TABLE 2. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 25 YEARS IN MAY 1979 (a): TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDED FULL TIME IN 1978, AGE AND BIRTHPLACE ('000)

		Males			Females			Persons	
	Aged 15 to 19 years	Aged 20 to 25 years	Total	Aged 15 to 19 years	Aged 20 to 25 years	Total	Aged 15 to 19 years	Aged 20 to 25 years	Total
			BORN IN A	USTRALIA					
Attended full time in 1978 School University C.A.E. T.A.F.E. Other	335.6 305.1 15.6 6.5 7.8	63.4 * 36.7 17.3 4.6 *	399.0 306.4 52.3 23.8 12.4	337.1 296.0 11.2 12.6 11.4 5.9	44.9 * 21.0 17.6 *	382.0 297.0 32.2 30.1 13.9 8.8	672.7 601.1 26.8 19.0 19.2 6.6	108.3 57.7 34.9 7.1 6.2	781.0 603.4 84.5 53.9 26.3 12.7
Did not attend full time in 1978	222.8	531.1	753.8	201.6	537.4	739.0	424.3	1,068.5	1,492.8
Total	558.4	594.4	1.152.8	538.6	582.3	1.121.0	1,097.0	1,176.8	2,273.8
		BOI	RN OUTSIE	E AUSTRA	LIA		<u> </u>	······································	
Attended full time in 1978 School University C.A.E. Other (including T.A.F.E.)	59.4 53.6 *	15.0 * 10.0 *	74.4 53.8 12.4 4.9	59.1 52.7 *	11.9 * 6.2 *	71.0 53.1 8.4 5.0 4.5	118.5 106.3 4.6 *	26.9 * 16.2 6.4 *	145.4 106.9 20.8 9.9 7.9
Did not attend full time in 1978	30.5	103.9	134.3	29.5	121.9	151.4	60.0	225.8	285.8
Total	89.9	118.9	208.8	<i>88.6</i>	133.8	222.4	178.5	252.7	431.2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			TO.	ΓAL					
Attended full time in 1978 School University C.A.E. T.A.F.E. Other	395.0 358.7 17.9 8.5 9.3	78.4 46.8 20.3 6.4	473.4 360.2 64.7 28.7 15.7	396.2 348.7 13.4 14.1 13.6 6.5	56.8 27.2 21.1	453.0 350.1 40.6 35.1 17.1 10.1	791.2 707.4 31.3 22.5 22.8 7.2	73.9 41.3 10.0 7.0	926.4 710.3 105.3 63.9 32.8 14.2
Did not attend full time in 1978 Total	253.2 648.3	634.9 713.3	888.2 1,361.6	231.1 627.3	659.3 716.1	890.4 1,343.4	484.3 1,275.5	1,294.3 1,429.5	1,778.6 2,705.0

⁽a) Excludes institutionalised persons and persons permanently unable to work.

TABLE 3. NON-LEAVERS : EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDED FULL TIME IN 1978 AND MAY 1979 ('000)

Educational institution		Educational inst	itution attended	full time in 1979		
attended full time in 1978	School	University	iniversity C.A.E. T.A.F.E.		Other	Total
		N	IALES			
School	231.3	8.3	5.0	6.4		251.2
University	•	40.9	•	•	•	42.7
C.A.E.	*	•	16.9	•	•	17.6
T.A.F.E.	•	•	•	•	•	17.0
Other	•	•	•	*	•	•
Total	231.3	49.7	24.0	9.7	•	315.7
		FE	MALES			
School	227.9	9.1	10.5	10.4	4.9	262.8
University	•	28.2	•	•	•	29.5
C.A.E.	•	•	23.1	*	*	23.6
T.A.F.E.	•	•	*	•	•	•
Other	•	•	•	•	•	•
Total	227.9	37.7	35.0	15.0	6.7	322.3
		PE	RSONS			
School	459.2	17.3	15.5	16.8	5.0	513.9
University	•	69.1	•	•	•	72.3
C.A.E.	•	•	40.0	•	•	41.2
T.A.F.E.	•	•	•	6.1		7.6
Other	•	•	•	•	•	•
Total	459.2	87.3	59.0	24.6	7.8	638.0

TABLE 4. LEAVERS: TIME OF LEAVING, MAY 1979 ('000)

Time of leaving	Pe	rsons aged 15-19 ye	ears	Persons aged 15-25 years				
	Males	Females	Person s	Males	Females	Persons		
January-June 1978	13.7	12.0	25.7	19.9	15.5	35.4		
July-October 1978	13.4	11.5	25.0	16.4	13.7	30.1		
November 1978	41.1	41.4	82.5	58.7	52.3	111.0		
December 1978 (a)	54.6	42.4	97.0	62.7	49.3	112.0		
Total	122.7	107.4	230.1	157.7	130.7	288.4		

⁽a) Includes a small number of persons who left school, university, etc., in early 1979.

TABLE 5. LEAVERS: AGE AT TIME OF LEAVING, MAY 1979 ('000)

Age at time of	A	Attended school in 19	78	Attended any educational institution (a) in 1978				
leaving (years)	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons		
14	*	*	5.6	*	*	5.6		
15	31.0	20.6	51.6	31.7	21.4	53.0		
16	42.9	30.3	73.3	45.1	35.3	80.3		
17	20.9	23.7	44.6	24.3	30.0	54.3		
18	10.4	8.5	18.9	14.9	14.8	29.7		
19	*		*	8.7	5.8	14.6		
20 and over	•	*	•	30.5	20.4	51.0		
Total	109.0	87.3	196.4	157.7	130.7	288.4		

⁽a) Includes schools.

TABLE 6. LEAVERS: EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND BIRTHPLACE, MAY 1979

						Total l	eavers	
		Employm	ent status	 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7	otal
State	Employed ('000)	Unemployed ('000)	Total in the labour force ('000)	Not in the labour force ('000)	Aged 15-19 years ('000)	Aged 20-25 years ('000)	Number ('000)	Participation rate (a) (per cent)
			М	ALES			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
New South Wales	41.7	8.1	49.7	•	41.4	11.5	52.8	94.1
Victoria	35.2	7.4	42.6		31.3	12.1	43.4	98.1
Queensland	21.7	3.8	25.5	*	21.9	4.4	26.3	97.0
South Australia	11.0	4.1	15.1	•	13.0	*	15.3	98.5
Western Australia	10.9	*	12.3		9.9	3.2	13.1	94.0
Tasmania	3.7	*	4.6	*	4.0	*	4.6	100.0
Australia (b)	125.9	26.1	152.2	5.7	122.7	35.0	157.7	96.4
Born in Australia	111.1	23.1	134.3	4.6	108.6	30.3	138.9	96.7
Born outside Australia	14.8	•	17.7	*	14.1	4.7	18.8	94.1
			FEI	MALES				
New South Wales	30.6	11.2	41.9	*	35.9	7.5	43.4	96.4
Victoria	24.3	6.4	30.7		27.2	6.5	33.7	91.2
Oueensland	13.6	4.5	18.1	•	15.3	4.1	19.4	93.6
South Australia	8.1	4.7	12.8		11.9	7.1	13.3	95.8
Western Australia	10.8	*	13.1		11.4		13.3	93.6 94.5
Tasmania	3.4	•	4.4		3.9	•	4.6	94.3 97.4
							4.0	37.4
Australia (b)	92.5	30.9	123.4	7. <i>3</i>	107.4	23.3	130.7	94.4
Born in Australia	80.1	24.8	104.9	5.9	92.2	18.6	110.8	94.7
Bom outside Australia	12.4	6.1	18.5	•	15.3	4.7	19.9	92.8
			PEF	RSONS				
New South Wales	72.3	19.3	91.6	4.7	77.3	19.0	96.3	95.2
Victoria	59.5	13.8	73.3		58.5	18.6	77.1	95.1
Queensland	35.4	8.3	43.7		37.2	8.5	45.7	95.5
South Australia	19.1	8.8	27.9	•	24.8	3.8	28.6	97.2
Western Australia	21.8	3.6	25.4	•	21.3	5.6	26.9	94.2
[asmania	7.1	1.9	9.0		7.9	J.U	9.2	98.7
Australian Capital	···	1.7	7.0		1.7	•	7.2	70.7
Territory	•	•	2.7	•	•	•	2.9	95.5
Australia (c)	218.4	57.0	275.4	13.1	230.1	58.3	288.4	95.5
Born in Australia	191.2	48.0	239.2	10.5	200.8	48.9	249.7	95.8
	278.4	7U.U	437.4	10.3	ZUUZ	4n.7	ムサブ. /	33.0

⁽a) Leavers in the labour force as a percentage of total leavers. (b) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory. (c) Includes the Northern Territory.

TABLE 7. EMPLOYED LEAVERS: INDUSTRY, MAY 1979 ('000)

Industry division	Males	Females	Persons
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11.3	•	12.5
Manufacturing	34.6	9.1	43.7
Construction	12.5	•	13.1
Wholesale and retail trade	28.3	28.2	56.6
Transport, storage and communication	6.3	•	9.0
Finance, insurance, real estate and			
business services	10.7	13.4	24.1
Community services (a)	8.7	22.0	30.6
Entertainment, recreation, restaurants, hotels			
and personal services	6.3	9.3	15.6
Other (b)	7.3	6.0	13.2
Total	125.9	92.5	218.4
Full-time workers	115.4	75.9	191.3
Part-time workers	10.5	16.5	27.1

⁽a) Comprises health, education, libraries, etc.; welfare and religious institutions; and other community services. (b) Comprises mining; electricity, gas and water; and public administration and defence (civilians only).

TABLE 8. EMPLOYED LEAVERS: OCCUPATION, MAY 1979 ('000)

Occupation group	Males	Females	Persons
Professional and technical	14.1	18.8	33.0
Administrative, executive, managerial			
and clerical	13.7	35.2	48.9
Sales	9.8	17.3	27.1
Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters, etc.	12.7	•	14.2
Transport and communication	•	•	•
Tradesmen, production-process workers,			
labourers (n.e.c.) and miners, etc.	67.5	7.0	74.5
Service, sport and recreation	6.3	10.8	17.1
Total	125.9	92.5	218.4

TABLE 9. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 25 YEARS (a): FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE OR NON-ATTENDANCE AT AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, 1972 TO 1979

			cational institution previous year (b)		Did not attend an educational		
		Non	leavers		institution full time in the	In hospitals,	
	Leavers ('000)	('000)	Per cent of total	Total ('000)	previous year (b) ('000)	etc. (c) ('000)	Total ('000)
			MA	LES			
Feb. – 1972	101.2	262.8	72.2	364.0	744.6	11.6	1,120.1
1973	114.8	281.0	71.0	395.9	719.2	15.6	1,130.7
1974	119.4	283.3	70.3	402.7	722.7	12.1	1,137.5
May - 1975	123.1	316.0	72.0	439.2	726.0	12.5	1,177.7
1976	137.1	316.8	69.8	453.9	729.2	13.4	1,196.4
Aug. – 1977	118.1	368.4	75.7	486.5	828.3	15.2	1,330.0
1978	133.0	379.7	74.1	512.6	839.5	12.3	1,364.4
May – 1979	157.7	315.7	66.7	473.4	888.2	12.9	1,374.5
			FEM	IALES			
Feb 1972	92.0	225.4	71.0	317.3	774.1	7.0	1,098.4
1973	103.7	245.2	70.3	348.9	750.2	8.3	1,107.3
1974	109.9	246.9	69.2	356.8	753.7	•	1,114.3
May - 1975	115.3	283.6	71.1	398.9	748.0	4.3	1,151.2
1976	120.1	292.3	70.9	412.4	745.9	4.3	1,162.5
Aug 1977	108.9	359.3	76.7	468.1	827.0	7.3	1,302.4
1978	123.1	358.9	74.5	482.0	856.4	*	1,342.6
May - 1979	130.7	322.3	71.1	453.0	890.4	5.3	1,348.7
			PER	SONS			
Feb 1972	193.1	488.2	71.7	681.3	1,518.7	18.6	2,218.5
1973	218.5	526.2	70.7	744.7	1,469.4	23.9	2,238.0
1974	229.4	530.2	69.8	759.6	1,476.5	15.8	2,251.8
May - 1975	238.4	599.6	71.5	838.1	1,474.0	16.8	2,328.9
1976	257.2	609.0	70.3	866.3	1,475.0	17.6	2,358.9
Aug 1977	226.9	727.7	76.2	954.6	1,655.2	22.6	2,632.4
1978	256.0	738.6	74.3	994.7	1,695.9	16.4	2,707.1
May - 1979	288.4	638.0	68.9	926.4	1,778.6	18.2	2,723.1

⁽a) Aged 15 to 24 years for surveys up to May 1976. (b) See note (a) to Table 1. (c) See note (b) to Table 1.

NOTE. See page 1, paragraphs 6 and 7, regarding comparability of series.

TECHNICAL NOTE

Estimation procedure

The estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

Reliability of the estimates

- 2. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included in the survey. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors.
- 3. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. A table of standard errors for general application is given below. These figures will not give a precise measure of the standard error of a particular estimate since they are averages based on calculations for a limited number of past surveys over a wide range of labour force characteristics. However, they will provide an indication of the magnitude of the standard error. An example of the calculation and use of standard errors is as follows: the estimated number of persons aged 15 to 25 years in May 1979 who attended an educational institution full time in 1978 was 926,400 (Table 1.) From the table below it will be seen that the estimate has a standard

error of about 8,800 and therefore there are about two chances in three that the value that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey will fall within the range 917,600 to 935,200 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it will fall within the range 908,800 to 944,000.

- 4. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the numerator and the size of the denominator. However, the per cent standard error of the estimated percentage will generally be lower than the per cent standard error of the estimate of the numerator. The per cent standard errors of the numerator can be obtained from the table below.
- 5. As the standard errors in the table below show the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are thus subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this bulletin, estimates less than the lowest levels shown in the table below have not been included. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable.
- 6. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by interviewers and respondents. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the non-sampling error, and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or only a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

	N.S.W.								Aust	ralia
Size of estimate		Vic.	Qld	S.A. – nun	W.A. 1ber –	Tas.	<i>N.T</i> .	A.C.T.		Per cent of estimate
1,500 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500 5,000 6,000 10,000 20,000 100,000 200,000 300,000 500,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,500 2,000 3,000 3,900 5,000 5,800 6,900 8,500 10,000	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,900 2,700 3,500 4,400 5,000 5,800 7,000 8,400	740 780 820 860 930 1,200 1,500 2,200 2,800 3,600 4,100 4,800 5,900	510 550 590 620 650 680 730 900 1,200 1,600 2,100 2,600 2,900 3,300	510 560 590 630 660 690 750 920 1,200 1,700 2,100 2,600 2,900 3,300	300 340 380 410 430 460 480 500 530 640 810 1,100 1,300 1,500	470 510 550 590 620 650 680 740 910 1,200 1,700	440 480 510 540 560 590 610 650 750 910 1,100 1,300	970 1,000 1,100 1,400 2,000 2,900 3,900 5,100 6,000 7,200 9,100 11,000	21.6 20.0 18.0 14.0 10.0 5.8 3.9 2.6 2.0 1.4 0.9 0.6

⁻⁻ Estimates below the levels indicated have not been published - see paragraph 5 above.